



STEVE SISOLAK
Governor

STATE OF NEVADA
COMMISSION ON MINERAL RESOURCES
DIVISION OF MINERALS

400 W. King Street, Suite 106
Carson City, Nevada 89703
(775) 684-7040 • Fax (775) 684-7052
<http://minerals.nv.gov/>

Las Vegas Office: 375 E. Warm Springs Rd. #205, Las Vegas, NV 89119
Phone: (702) 486-4343; Fax: (702) 486-4345



MICHAEL VISHER
Administrator

Nevada Minerals Industry Fact Sheet – 2019

Mineral Production

- Nevada led the United States in the production of gold in 2019. Nevada's mines produced 4,868,086 ounces in 2019 compared to 5,581,160 troy ounces in 2018. Nevada's silver production was 6,282,466 ounces in 2019 versus 8,011,408 ounces in 2018.
- Nevada's gold mines contributed 87% of the U.S. gold production in 2019 and ranked 5th in world gold production. Only China, Australia, Russia, and Canada produced more gold than the State of Nevada.
- In addition to gold and silver, Nevada produced barite, copper, diatomite, dolomite, gypsum, lapidary and gemstones, limestone, lithium compounds, magnesium compounds, molybdenite, perlite, salt, silica sand, specialty clays, and specialty aggregates in 2019.
- In 2019, over \$8.0 billion in mineral commodities were produced in Nevada excluding construction aggregates.

Employment

- In 2019, there were on average 14,887 Nevadans directly employed by the mineral industry at an average salary of \$105,862. It is estimated that another 13,576 jobs are involved in supplying goods and services to the industry.

Geothermal

- There are 25 geothermal electric generating plants that sold 3.9 million megawatt hours of electricity in 2019. That is enough power to supply 355,000 typical homes.

Oil and Gas

- In 2019, approximately 264,115 barrels of oil were produced from oil wells in Elko, Eureka, and Nye counties.

Mineral Exploration

- Mineral exploration spending increased slightly from \$351.2 million in 2017 to \$461 million in 2018, possibly due to a slight increase in gold prices. In 2019, gold averaged \$1,392.60 and averaged \$1,268.49 in 2018. Exploration spending for lithium and other energy metals showed a slight increase and accounted for \$24 million in spending.

Reclamation

- Approximately \$3.1 billion in reclamation bonds and other financial assurance were posted by operators, as of 2019, to ensure complete reclamation such that mined areas are returned to productive uses such as livestock grazing, wildlife habitat, or other natural resource uses.

07/18/2023 updated das